- (iv) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(12)(ii) of this section, should the computations pursuant to paragraph (a)(12) (i) or (ii) of this section result in a quantity of skim milk to be subtracted from Class I that exceeds the pounds of skim milk remaining in such class, the pounds of skim milk in Class I shall be increased by an amount equal to such excess quantity to be subtracted, and the pounds of skim milk in Class II and Class III combined shall be decreased by a like amount (decreasing as necessary Class III and then Class II). In such case, the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class at this allocation step at the handler's other pool plants shall be adjusted in the reverse direction by a like amount beginning with the nearest plant at which Class I utilization is available:
- (13) Subtract from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class the pounds of skim milk in receipts of fluid milk products and bulk fluid cream products from another pool plant according to the classification of such products pursuant to §1033.42(a); and
- (14) If the total pounds of skim milk remaining in all classes exceed the pounds of skim milk in producer milk, subtract such excess from the pounds of skim milk remaining in each class in series beginning with Class III. Any amount so subtracted shall be known as *overage*;
- (b) Butterfat shall be allocated in accordance with the procedure outlined for skim milk in paragraph (a) of this section; and
- (c) The quantity of producer milk in each class shall be the combined pounds of skim milk and butterfat remaining in each class after the computations pursuant to paragraph (a)(14) of this section and the corresponding step of paragraph (b) of this section.

[58 FR 27818, May 11, 1993]

§ 1033.45 Market administrator's reports and announcements concerning classification.

The market administrator shall make the following reports and announcements concerning classification:

(a) Whenever required for the purpose of allocating receipts from other order plants pursuant to §1033.44(a)(12) and the corresponding step of §1033.44(b),

- estimate and publicly announce on or before the 10th day of the month the utilization (to the nearest whole percentage) in each class during the month of skim milk and butterfat, respectively, in producer milk of all handlers. Such estimate shall be based upon the most current available data and shall be final for such purpose;
- (b) Report to the market administrator of the other order, as soon as possible after the report of receipts and utilization for the month is received from a handler who has received fluid milk products or bulk fluid cream products from an other order plant, the class to which such receipts are allocated pursuant to §1033.43(e) and §1033.44 on the basis of such report, (including any reclassification of inventories of bulk concentrated fluid milk products), and, thereafter, any change in such allocation required to correct errors disclosed in the verification of such report; and
- (c) Furnish to each handler operating a pool plant who has shipped fluid milk products or bulk fluid cream products to an other order plant, the class to which such shipments were allocated by the market administrator of the other order on the basis of the report of the receiving handler and, as necessary, any changes in such allocation arising from the verification of such report.
- (d) On or before the 14th day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association, upon request by such association, the percentage of the milk caused to be delivered by the cooperative association or its members which was utilized in each class at each pool plant receiving such milk. For the purpose of this report, the milk so received shall be allocated to each class at each pool plant in the same ratio as all producer milk received at such plant during the month.

[58 FR 27820, May 11, 1993]

CLASS PRICES

§1033.50 Class and component prices.

Subject to the provisions of §1033.52, the class and component prices for the month, per hundredweight or per pound, shall be as follows:

§ 1033.51

- (a) Class I price. From the effective date hereof through April 30, 1988, and thereafter until amended, the Class I price shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$2.04.
- (b) Class II price. The Class II price shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$0.30.
- (c) *Class III price*. The Class III price shall be the basic formula price for the month.
- (d) *Butterfat price*. The butterfat price per pound shall be the total of the following steps, rounded to the nearest whole cent:
- (1) The skim milk price per hundredweight for the month, computed pursuant to paragraph (f) of this section, divided by 100; and
- (2) The butterfat differential for the month, computed pursuant to §1033.73 multiplied by 10.
- (e) Milk protein price. The price per pound for milk protein shall be computed by subtracting from the Class III price the butterfat price multiplied by 3.5, and dividing the result by the average protein content of the milk on which the basic formula price is based for the previous month as reported by the Department and adjusted for the current month by the Dairy Division, and rounding the result to the nearest whole cent.
- (f) Skim milk price. The skim milk price per hundredweight shall be computed by subtracting from the Class III price the butterfat differential computed pursuant to § 1033.73 times 35, and rounding the result to the nearest whole cent.
- (g) Class III-A price. The Class III-A price for the month shall be the average Central States nonfat dry milk price for the month, as reported by the Department, less 12.5 cents, times an amount computed by subtracting from 9 an amount calculated by dividing .4 by such nonfat dry milk price, plus the butterfat differential value per hun-

dredweight of 3.5 percent milk and rounded to the nearest cent.

[40 FR 27464, June 30, 1975, as amended at 40 FR 30087, July 17, 1975; 47 FR 42968, Sept. 30, 1982; 51 FR 12832, Apr. 16, 1986; 54 FR 49957, Dec. 4, 1989; 55 FR 25964, June 26, 1990. Redesignated and amended at 58 FR 27820, May 11, 1993; 58 FR 43507, Aug. 17, 1993; 58 FR 63287, Dec. 1, 1993; 60 FR 6609, Feb. 2, 1995]

§ 1033.51 Basic formula price.

The basic formula price shall be the preceding month's average pay price for manufacturing grade milk in Minnesota and Wisconsin using the "base month" series, as reported by the Department, adjusted to a 3.5 percent butterfat basis using the butterfat differential for the preceding month computed pursuant to §1033.73 and rounded to the nearest cent, plus or minus the change in gross value yielded by the butter-nonfat dry milk and Cheddar cheese product price formula computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section.

- (a) The gross values of per hundredweight of milk used to manufacture butter-nonfat dry milk and Cheddar cheese shall be computed, using price data determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section and annual yield factors, for the preceding month and separately for the current month as follows:
- (1) The gross value of milk used to manufacture butter-nonfat dry milk shall be the sum of the following computations:
- (i) multiply the Grade AA butter price by 4.27;
- (ii) Multiply the nonfat dry milk price by 8.07; and
- (iii) Multiply the dry buttermilk price by 0.42.
- (2) The gross value of milk used to manufacture Cheddar cheese shall be the sum of the following computations:
- (i) Multiply the Cheddar cheese price by 9.87; and
- (ii) Multiply the Grade A butter price by 0.238.